Chapter13 Understanding Measurements Cambridge IGCSE Mathematics

Year2024/Exercise 13.5/page-417/Question-13

In a physics experiment a trolley is timed as it runs down a ramp 1.000 m long (to the nearest millimetre) to find its estimated speed. The speed in metres per second is calculated using $v = \frac{d}{t_1 - t_2}$. At the start of the experiment (t_1) , the stopwatch shows 0.2s and at the end (t_2) it shows 1.4 seconds (both correct to the nearest 0.1 second). Find the upper and lower bounds for v, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

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CAMBRIDGE IGCSE Mathematics - Standard 10th
             Exercise 13.5 - Page 417 - Year 2024
        g13/. Given: ramp 1.000m long
                                 (to the nearest millimetre)
and solution
             1m = 100 \text{ cm} So, 1m = 100 \times 10^{-1} 1m = 1000 \text{ mm}
                                     SO, 1m = 100 x 10 mm
  · Ramp
       Now, to the nearest mm, means
                    7 1mm
              ( ) 0.5mm 0.5mm (t)
        So,
           lower 999.5 < 1000mm < 1000.5 mm upper
               t_1 - 0.2s | Corrected to the nearest t_2 - 1.4s | 0.1 \, \text{sec.})
  · Time -
        SO,
                  0.15s < t1 < 0.25s
                  1.35s < \frac{t_2}{1.4s} < 1.45s
                           V \text{ (speed)} = \frac{d}{t_1 - t_2} \text{ (given)}
      * it should be t2-t1 and not t1-t2
     Vlower = \frac{999.5}{1000 \times (1.45-0.15)} \times \quad \text{Vupper = \frac{1000.5}{1000.x (1.35-0.25)}}
           = 0.76884
= 0.769 (35.f.) Answer = 0.910 m/s (36.f.)
                                          = 0.9095454
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